All age groups are taught the same skills but divided according to their developmental milestones.

**WHAT AGE GROUP DOES THE STUDENT FALL INTO?**

- **6 months–3 years**
  - PARENT* & CHILD: STAGES A–B
- **3 years–5 years**
  - PRESCHOOL: STAGES 1–4
- **5 years–12 years**
  - SCHOOL AGE: STAGES 1–6
- **12+ years**
  - TEEN & ADULT: STAGES 1–6

All age groups are taught the same skills but divided according to their developmental milestones.

**WHICH STAGE IS THE STUDENT READY FOR?**

Can the student respond to verbal cues and jump on land?

- **NOT YET**
  - A / WATER DISCOVERY

Is the student comfortable working with an instructor without a parent in the water?

- **NOT YET**
  - B / WATER EXPLORATION

Will the student go underwater voluntarily?

- **NOT YET**
  - 1 / WATER ACCLIMATION

Can the student do a front and back float on his or her own?

- **NOT YET**
  - 2 / WATER MOVEMENT

Can the student swim 10–15 yards on his or her front and back?

- **NOT YET**
  - 3 / WATER STAMINA

Can the student swim 15 yards of front and back crawl?

- **NOT YET**
  - 4 / STROKE INTRODUCTION

Can the student swim front crawl, back crawl, and breaststroke across the pool?

- **NOT YET**
  - 5 / STROKE DEVELOPMENT

Can the student swim front crawl, back crawl, and breaststroke across the pool and back?

- **NOT YET**
  - 6 / STROKE MECHANICS

*At the Y, we know families take a variety of forms. As a result, we define parent broadly to include all adults with primary responsibility for raising children, including biological parents, adoptive parents, guardians, stepparents, grandparents, or any other type of parenting relationship.
**STAGE DESCRIPTIONS**

**A / WATER DISCOVERY**
Parents accompany children in stage A, which introduces infants and toddlers to the aquatic environment through exploration and encourages them to enjoy themselves while learning about the water.

**B / WATER EXPLORATION**
In stage B, parents work with their children to explore body positions, floating, blowing bubbles, and fundamental safety and aquatic skills.

**1 / WATER ACCLIMATION**
Students develop comfort with underwater exploration and learn to safely exit in the event of falling into a body of water. This stage lays the foundation that allows for a student's future progress in swimming.

**2 / WATER MOVEMENT**
In stage 2, students focus on body position and control, directional change, and forward movement in the water while also continuing to practice how to safely exit in the event of falling into a body of water.

**3 / WATER STAMINA**
In stage 3, students learn how to swim to safety from a longer distance than in previous stages in the event of falling into a body of water. This stage also introduces rhythmic breathing and integrated arm and leg action.

**4 / STROKE INTRODUCTION**
Students in stage 4 develop stroke technique in front crawl and back crawl and learn the breaststroke kick and butterfly kick. Water safety is reinforced through treading water and elementary backstroke.

**5 / STROKE DEVELOPMENT**
Students in stage 5 work on stroke technique and learn all major competitive strokes. The emphasis on water safety continues through treading water and sidestroke.

**6 / STROKE MECHANICS**
In stage 6, students refine stroke technique on all major competitive strokes, learn about competitive swimming, and discover how to incorporate swimming into a healthy lifestyle.

**HAVE MORE QUESTIONS?**
Our front-desk staff is available to answer any questions about the swim lessons program.

*051618 08/16*